



**Department of Veterans Affairs
Office of Inspector General**

Office of Healthcare Inspections

Report No. 14-02075-292

**Combined Assessment Program
Review of the
Bath VA Medical Center
Bath, New York**

September 29, 2014

Washington, DC 20420

To Report Suspected Wrongdoing in VA Programs and Operations

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(Hotline Information: www.va.gov/oig/hotline)

Glossary

CAP	Combined Assessment Program
CLC	community living center
EHR	electronic health record
EOC	environment of care
facility	Bath VA Medical Center
FY	fiscal year
MEC	Medical Executive Committee
MH	mental health
NA	not applicable
NM	not met
OIG	Office of Inspector General
PACU	post-anesthesia care unit
PRC	Peer Review Committee
QM	quality management
SDS	same day surgery
RRTP	residential rehabilitation treatment program
tPA	tissue plasminogen activator
VHA	Veterans Health Administration
VISN	Veterans Integrated Service Network

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Executive Summary

Review Purpose: The purpose of the review was to evaluate selected health care facility operations, focusing on patient care quality and the environment of care, and to provide crime awareness briefings. We conducted the review the week of August 11, 2014.

Review Results: The review covered seven activities. We made no recommendations in the following five activities:

- Environment of Care
- Medication Management
- Coordination of Care
- Community Living Center Resident Independence and Dignity
- Mental Health Residential Rehabilitation Treatment Program

The facility's reported accomplishments were the initiation of the Veterans Health Administration Voices national pilot program and recognition as a *Top Performer on Key Quality Measures*[®] by The Joint Commission.

Recommendations: We made recommendations in the following two activities:

Quality Management: Complete actions from peer reviews, and report them to the Peer Review Committee. Ensure the Medical Executive Committee discusses and documents its approval of the use of another facility's providers for teledermatology services. Include the results of proficiency testing and peer reviews when transfusions did not meet criteria in the Morbidity and Mortality Committee review process.

Acute Ischemic Stroke Care: Complete and document National Institutes of Health stroke scales for each stroke patient, and consistently collect and report required data to the Veterans Health Administration.

Comments

The Interim Veterans Integrated Service Network Director and Facility Director agreed with the Combined Assessment Program review findings and recommendations and provided acceptable improvement plans. (See Appendixes C and D, pages 20–24, for

the full text of the Directors' comments.) We will follow up on the planned actions until they are completed.

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "John D. Daigh, Jr., M.D." in a cursive style.

JOHN D. DAIGH, JR., M.D.
Assistant Inspector General for
Healthcare Inspections

Objectives and Scope

Objectives

CAP reviews are one element of the OIG's efforts to ensure that our Nation's veterans receive high quality VA health care services. The objectives of the CAP review are to:

- Conduct recurring evaluations of selected health care facility operations, focusing on patient care quality and the EOC.
- Provide crime awareness briefings to increase employee understanding of the potential for program fraud and the requirement to refer suspected criminal activity to the OIG.

Scope

The scope of the CAP review is limited. Serious issues that come to our attention that are outside the scope will be considered for further review separate from the CAP process and may be referred accordingly.

For this review, we examined selected clinical and administrative activities to determine whether facility performance met requirements related to patient care quality and the EOC. In performing the review, we inspected selected areas, conversed with managers and employees, and reviewed clinical and administrative records. The review covered the following seven activities:

- QM
- EOC
- Medication Management
- Coordination of Care
- Acute Ischemic Stroke Care
- CLC Resident Independence and Dignity
- MH RRTP

We have listed the general information reviewed for each of these activities. Some of the items listed may not have been applicable to this facility because of a difference in size, function, or frequency of occurrence.

The review covered facility operations for FY 2013 and FY 2014 through June 30, 2014, and was done in accordance with OIG standard operating procedures for CAP reviews. We also asked the facility to provide the status on the recommendations we made in our

previous CAP report (*Combined Assessment Program Review of the Bath VA Medical Center, Bath, New York, Report No.12-01336-235, August 1, 2012*).

During this review, we presented crime awareness briefings for 96 employees. These briefings covered procedures for reporting suspected criminal activity to the OIG and included case-specific examples illustrating procurement fraud, conflicts of interest, and bribery.

Additionally, we surveyed employees regarding patient safety and quality of care at the facility. An electronic survey was made available to all facility employees, and 193 responded. We shared summarized results with facility managers.

In this report, we make recommendations for improvement. Recommendations pertain to issues that are significant enough to be monitored by the OIG until corrective actions are implemented.

Reported Accomplishments

VHA Voices National Pilot Program

The VHA Office of Patient Centered Care and Cultural Transformation selected the facility as one of six sites across the country to offer the VHA Voices program. The program uses the Southcentral Foundation's Alaskan health care system model, which provides health care to native Alaskans. Much like the tribal culture of Alaska, the model focuses care on relationships, family wellness, community partnerships, and shared responsibility. The relationship-based culture is built around storytelling.

The VHA Voices program focuses on understanding the military cultural experience and challenging perceptions or stigmas related to substance abuse and mental illness. The program uses the power of storytelling to build connections between employees, veterans, and the local communities. These connections foster empathy, build trust, and create effective partnerships in health care. During the VHA Voices experience, employees hear personal stories from the local leadership team, participate in team building activities, and learn strategies to share their personal stories in an effort to build stronger connections in support of the mission of serving veterans. The facility rolled out this program during the summer of 2014 with two initial phases. Twenty to 30 employees experienced VHA Voices in each phase. The facility has scheduled additional phases for the fall of 2014.

Joint Commission Recognition

On October 30, 2013, the facility was recognized by The Joint Commission as a *Top Performer on Key Quality Measures*[®] for achieving excellence in performance for its inpatient pneumonia measure set during 2012. The recognition is based on data reported about evidence-based clinical processes that are shown to improve care for veterans with pneumonia or at risk for pneumonia.

Results and Recommendations

QM

The purpose of this review was to determine whether facility senior managers actively supported and appropriately responded to QM efforts and whether the facility met selected requirements within its QM program.^a

We conversed with senior managers and key QM employees, and we evaluated meeting minutes, EHRs, and other relevant documents. The table below shows the areas reviewed for this topic. The areas marked as NM did not meet applicable requirements and needed improvement. Any items that did not apply to this facility are marked NA.

NM	Areas Reviewed	Findings
	<p>There was a senior-level committee/group responsible for QM/performance improvement that met regularly.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There was evidence that outlier data was acted upon. • There was evidence that QM, patient safety, and systems redesign were integrated. 	
X	<p>The protected peer review process met selected requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The PRC was chaired by the Chief of Staff and included membership by applicable service chiefs. • Actions from individual peer reviews were completed and reported to the PRC. • The PRC submitted quarterly summary reports to the MEC. • Unusual findings or patterns were discussed at the MEC. 	<p>Six months of PRC meeting minutes reviewed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None of the 15 completed actions were reported to the PRC.
	<p>Focused Professional Practice Evaluations for newly hired licensed independent practitioners were initiated and completed, and results were reported to the MEC.</p>	
X	<p>Specific telemedicine services met selected requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Services were properly approved. • Services were provided and/or received by appropriately privileged staff. • Professional practice evaluation information was available for review. 	<p>Twelve months of MEC meeting minutes reviewed:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There was no evidence that the MEC had approved the use of teledermatology services.

NM	Areas Reviewed (continued)	Findings
	<p>Observation bed use met selected requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Local policy included necessary elements. • Data regarding appropriateness of observation bed usage was gathered. • If conversions to acute admissions were consistently 30 percent or more, observation criteria and utilization were reassessed timely. 	
	<p>Staff performed continuing stay reviews on at least 75 percent of patients in acute beds.</p>	
	<p>The process to review resuscitation events met selected requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An interdisciplinary committee was responsible for reviewing episodes of care where resuscitation was attempted. • Resuscitation event reviews included screening for clinical issues prior to events that may have contributed to the occurrence of the code. • Data were collected that measured performance in responding to events. 	
NA	<p>The surgical review process met selected requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An interdisciplinary committee with appropriate leadership and clinical membership met monthly to review surgical processes and outcomes. • Surgical deaths with identified problems or opportunities for improvement were reviewed. • Additional data elements were routinely reviewed. 	
NA	<p>Critical incidents reporting processes were appropriate.</p>	
	<p>The process to review the quality of entries in the EHR met selected requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A committee was responsible to review EHR quality. • Data were collected and analyzed at least quarterly. • Reviews included data from most services and program areas. 	
	<p>The policy for scanning non-VA care documents met selected requirements.</p>	

NM	Areas Reviewed (continued)	Findings
X	The process to review blood/transfusions usage met selected requirements: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A committee with appropriate clinical membership met at least quarterly to review blood/transfusions usage. • Additional data elements were routinely reviewed. 	Ten months of Morbidity and Mortality Committee meeting minutes reviewed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The review process did not include the results of proficiency testing and the results of peer reviews when transfusions did not meet criteria.
	Overall, if significant issues were identified, actions were taken and evaluated for effectiveness.	
	Overall, senior managers were involved in performance improvement over the past 12 months.	
	Overall, the facility had a comprehensive, effective QM/performance improvement program over the past 12 months.	
	The facility met any additional elements required by VHA or local policy.	

Recommendations

1. We recommended that processes be strengthened to ensure that actions from peer reviews are completed and reported to the Peer Review Committee.
2. We recommended that the Medical Executive Committee discuss and document its approval of the use of another facility’s providers for teledermatology services.
3. We recommended that processes be strengthened to ensure that the Morbidity and Mortality Committee review process includes the results of proficiency testing and the results of peer reviews when transfusions did not meet criteria.

EOC

The purpose of this review was to determine whether the facility maintained a clean and safe health care environment in accordance with applicable requirements and whether the facility met selected requirements in SDS, the PACU, and the eye clinic.^b

We inspected three CLC units and the medical inpatient unit. We also inspected the urgent care, primary care, and eye clinics. Additionally, we reviewed relevant documents and conversed with key employees and managers. The table below shows the areas reviewed for this topic. Any items that did not apply to this facility are marked NA. The facility generally met requirements. We made no recommendations.

NM	Areas Reviewed for General EOC	Findings
	EOC Committee minutes reflected sufficient detail regarding identified deficiencies, corrective actions taken, and tracking of corrective actions to closure.	
	An infection prevention risk assessment was conducted, and actions were implemented to address high-risk areas.	
	Infection Prevention/Control Committee minutes documented discussion of identified problem areas and follow-up on implemented actions and included analysis of surveillance activities and data.	
	Fire safety requirements were met.	
	Environmental safety requirements were met.	
	Infection prevention requirements were met.	
	Medication safety and security requirements were met.	
	Auditory privacy requirements were met.	
	The facility complied with any additional elements required by VHA, local policy, or other regulatory standards.	
Areas Reviewed for SDS and the PACU		
NA	Designated SDS and PACU employees received bloodborne pathogens training during the past 12 months.	
NA	Designated SDS employees received medical laser safety training with the frequency required by local policy.	
NA	Fire safety requirements in SDS and on the PACU were met.	
NA	Environmental safety requirements in SDS and on the PACU were met.	
NA	SDS medical laser safety requirements were met.	

NM	Areas Reviewed for SDS and the PACU (continued)	Findings
NA	Infection prevention requirements in SDS and on the PACU were met.	
NA	Medication safety and security requirements in SDS and on the PACU were met.	
NA	Auditory privacy requirements in SDS and on the PACU were met.	
NA	The facility complied with any additional elements required by VHA, local policy, or other regulatory standards.	
Areas Reviewed for Eye Clinic		
NA	Designated eye clinic employees received laser safety training with the frequency required by local policy.	
	Environmental safety requirements in the eye clinic were met.	
	Infection prevention requirements in the eye clinic were met.	
	Medication safety and security requirements in the eye clinic were met.	
NA	Laser safety requirements in the eye clinic were met.	
	The facility complied with any additional elements required by VHA, local policy, or other regulatory standards.	

Medication Management

The purpose of this review was to determine whether the appropriate clinical oversight and education were provided to patients discharged with orders for fluoroquinolone oral antibiotics.^c

We reviewed relevant documents and conversed with key managers and employees. Additionally, we reviewed the EHRs of 32 randomly selected inpatients discharged on 1 of 3 selected oral antibiotics. The table below shows the areas reviewed for this topic. Any items that did not apply to this facility are marked NA. The facility generally met requirements. We made no recommendations.

NM	Areas Reviewed	Findings
	Clinicians conducted inpatient learning assessments within 24 hours of admission or earlier if required by local policy.	
	If learning barriers were identified as part of the learning assessment, medication counseling was adjusted to accommodate the barrier(s).	
	Patient renal function was considered in fluoroquinolone dosage and frequency.	
	Providers completed discharge progress notes or discharge instructions, written instructions were provided to patients/caregivers, and EHR documentation reflected that the instructions were understood.	
	Patients/caregivers were provided a written medication list at discharge, and the information was consistent with the dosage and frequency ordered.	
	Patients/caregivers were offered medication counseling, and this was documented in patient EHRs.	
	The facility established a process for patients/caregivers regarding whom to notify in the event of an adverse medication event.	
	The facility complied with any additional elements required by VHA or local policy.	

Coordination of Care

The purpose of this review was to evaluate discharge planning for patients with selected aftercare needs.^d

We reviewed relevant documents and conversed with key employees. Additionally, we reviewed the EHRs of seven patients with specific diagnoses who were discharged from July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2013. The table below shows the areas reviewed for this topic. Any items that did not apply to this facility are marked NA. The facility generally met requirements. We made no recommendations.

NM	Areas Reviewed	Findings
	Patients' post-discharge needs were identified, and discharge planning addressed the identified needs.	
	Clinicians provided discharge instructions to patients and/or caregivers and validated their understanding.	
	Patients received the ordered aftercare services and/or items within the ordered/expected timeframe.	
	Patients' and/or caregivers' knowledge and learning abilities were assessed during the inpatient stay.	
	The facility complied with any additional elements required by VHA or local policy.	

Acute Ischemic Stroke Care

The purpose of this review was to determine whether the facility complied with selected requirements for the assessment and treatment of patients who had an acute ischemic stroke.^e

We reviewed relevant documents, the EHRs of 7 patients who experienced stroke symptoms, and 10 urgent care employee training records, and we conversed with key employees. We also conducted onsite inspections of the urgent care clinic and one acute inpatient unit. The table below shows the areas reviewed for this topic. The areas marked as NM did not meet applicable requirements and needed improvement. Any items that did not apply to this facility are marked NA.

NM	Areas Reviewed	Findings
	The facility's stroke policy/plan/guideline addressed all required items.	
X	Clinicians completed the National Institutes of Health stroke scale for each patient within the expected timeframe.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Four of the six applicable EHRs did not contain documented evidence of completed stroke scales.
	Clinicians provided medication (tPA) timely to halt the stroke and included all required steps, and tPA was in stock or available within 15 minutes.	
	Stroke guidelines were posted in all areas where patients may present with stroke symptoms.	
	Clinicians screened patients for difficulty swallowing prior to oral intake of food or medicine.	
	Clinicians provided printed stroke education to patients upon discharge.	
	The facility provided training to staff involved in assessing and treating stroke patients.	
X	The facility collected and reported required data related to stroke care.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The following data were not consistently collected and/or reported to VHA: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Percent of eligible patients given tPA ○ Percent of patients with stroke symptoms who had the stroke scale completed ○ Percent of patients screened for difficulty swallowing before oral intake
	The facility complied with any additional elements required by VHA or local policy.	

Recommendations

4. We recommended that processes be strengthened to ensure that clinicians complete and document National Institutes of Health stroke scales for each stroke patient and that compliance be monitored.

5. We recommended that the facility consistently collect and report to VHA the percent of eligible patients given tissue plasminogen activator, the percent of patients with stroke symptoms who had the stroke scale completed, and the percent of patients screened for difficulty swallowing before oral intake.

CLC Resident Independence and Dignity

The purpose of this review was to determine whether the facility provided CLC restorative nursing services and complied with selected nutritional management and dining service requirements to assist CLC residents in maintaining their optimal level of functioning, independence, and dignity.^f

We reviewed 20 EHRs of residents (10 residents receiving restorative nursing services and 10 residents not receiving restorative nursing services but candidates for services). We also observed 10 residents during 2 meal periods, reviewed 2 employee training/competency records and other relevant documents, and conversed with key employees. The table below shows the areas reviewed for this topic. Any items that did not apply to this facility are marked NA. The facility generally met requirements. We made no recommendations.

NM	Areas Reviewed	Findings
	The facility offered restorative nursing services.	
	Facility staff completed and documented restorative nursing services, including active and passive range of motion, bed mobility, transfer, and walking activities, according to clinician orders and residents' care plans.	
	Resident progress towards restorative nursing goals was documented, and interventions were modified as needed to promote the resident's accomplishment of goals.	
	When restorative nursing services were care planned but were not provided or were discontinued, reasons were documented in the EHR.	
	If residents were discharged from physical therapy, occupational therapy, or kinesiotherapy, there was hand-off communication between Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Service and the CLC to ensure that restorative nursing services occurred.	
	Training and competency assessment were completed for staff who performed restorative nursing services.	
	The facility complied with any additional elements required by VHA or local policy.	
	Areas Reviewed for Assistive Eating Devices and Dining Service	
	Care planned/ordered assistive eating devices were provided to residents at meal times.	
	Required activities were performed during resident meal periods.	

NM	Areas Reviewed for Assistive Eating Devices and Dining Service (continued)	Findings
	The facility complied with any additional elements required by VHA or local policy.	

MH RRTP

The purpose of this review was to determine whether the facility's domiciliary complied with selected EOC requirements.⁹

We reviewed relevant documents, inspected the domiciliary unit, and conversed with key employees. The table below shows the areas reviewed for this topic. Any items that did not apply to this facility are marked NA. The facility generally met requirements. We made no recommendations.

NM	Areas Reviewed	Findings
	The residential environment was clean and in good repair.	
NA	Appropriate fire extinguishers were available near grease producing cooking devices.	
	There were policies/procedures that addressed safe medication management and contraband detection.	
	Monthly MH RRTP self-inspections were conducted, documented, and included all required elements; work orders were submitted for items needing repair; and any identified deficiencies were corrected.	
	Contraband inspections, staff rounds of all public spaces, daily bed checks, and resident room inspections for unsecured medications were conducted and documented.	
	Written agreements acknowledging resident responsibility for medication security were in place.	
	The main point(s) of entry had keyless entry and closed circuit television monitoring, and all other doors were locked to the outside and alarmed.	
	Closed circuit television monitors with recording capability were installed in public areas but not in treatment areas or private spaces, and there was signage alerting veterans and visitors that they were being recorded.	
	There was a process for responding to behavioral health and medical emergencies, and staff were able to articulate the process(es).	
	In mixed gender units, women veterans' rooms were equipped with keyless entry or door locks, and bathrooms were equipped with door locks.	

NM	Areas Reviewed (continued)	Findings
	Medications in resident rooms were secured.	
	The facility complied with any additional elements required by VHA or local policy.	

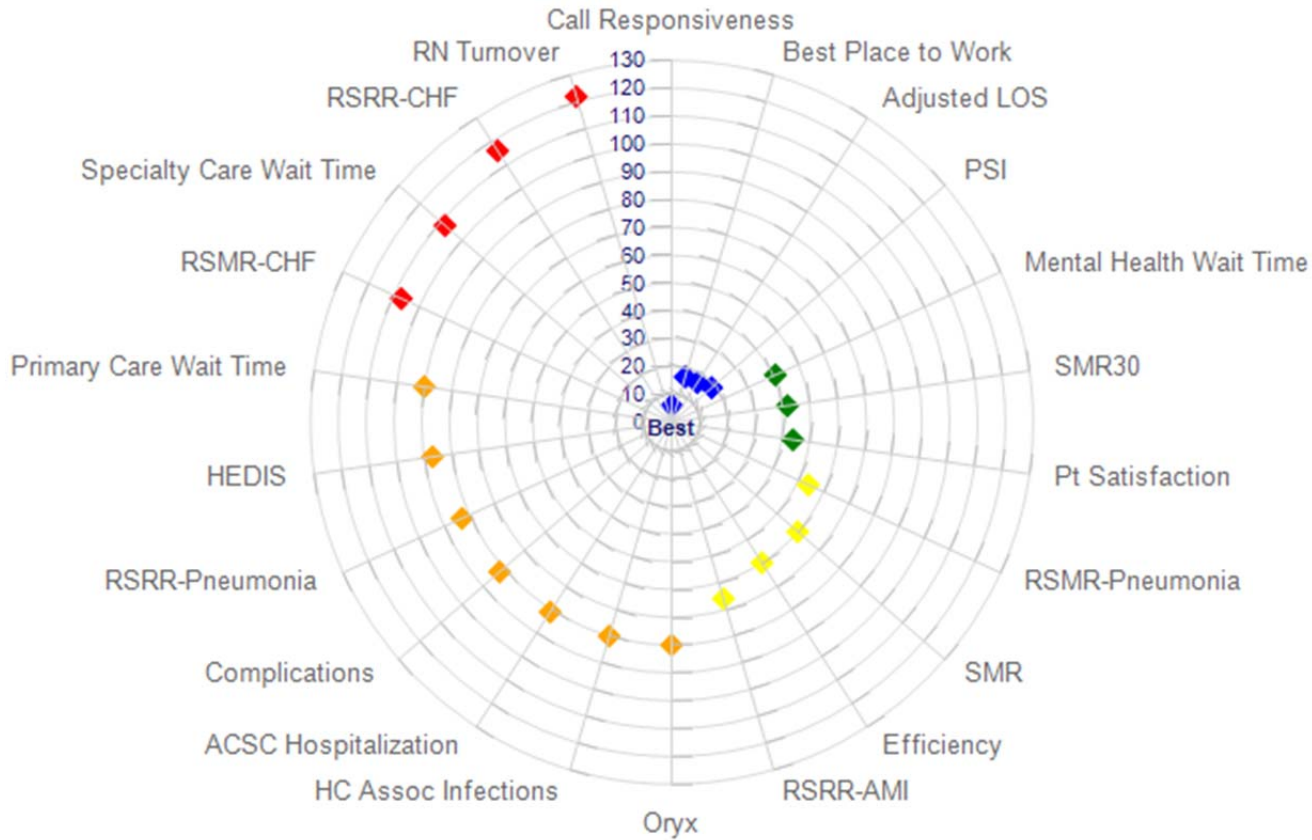
Facility Profile (Bath/528A6) FY 2014 through July 2014¹	
Type of Organization	Secondary
Complexity Level	3-Low complexity
Affiliated/Non-Affiliated	Affiliated
Total Medical Care Budget in Millions	\$75.8
Number of:	
• Unique Patients	11,455
• Outpatient Visits	136,770
• Unique Employees²	540
Type and Number of Operating Beds:	
• Hospital	15
• CLC	160
• MH	187
Average Daily Census (June 2014):	
• Hospital	4
• CLC	72
• MH	170
Number of Community Based Outpatient Clinics	2
Location(s)/Station Number(s)	Elmira/528G4 Wellsville/528G8
VISN Number	2

¹ All data is for FY 2014 through July 2014 except where noted.

² Unique employees involved in direct medical care (cost center 8200) from most recent pay period.

Strategic Analytics for Improvement and Learning (SAIL)³

Bath VAMC - 3-Star in Quality (FY2014Q2) (Metric)

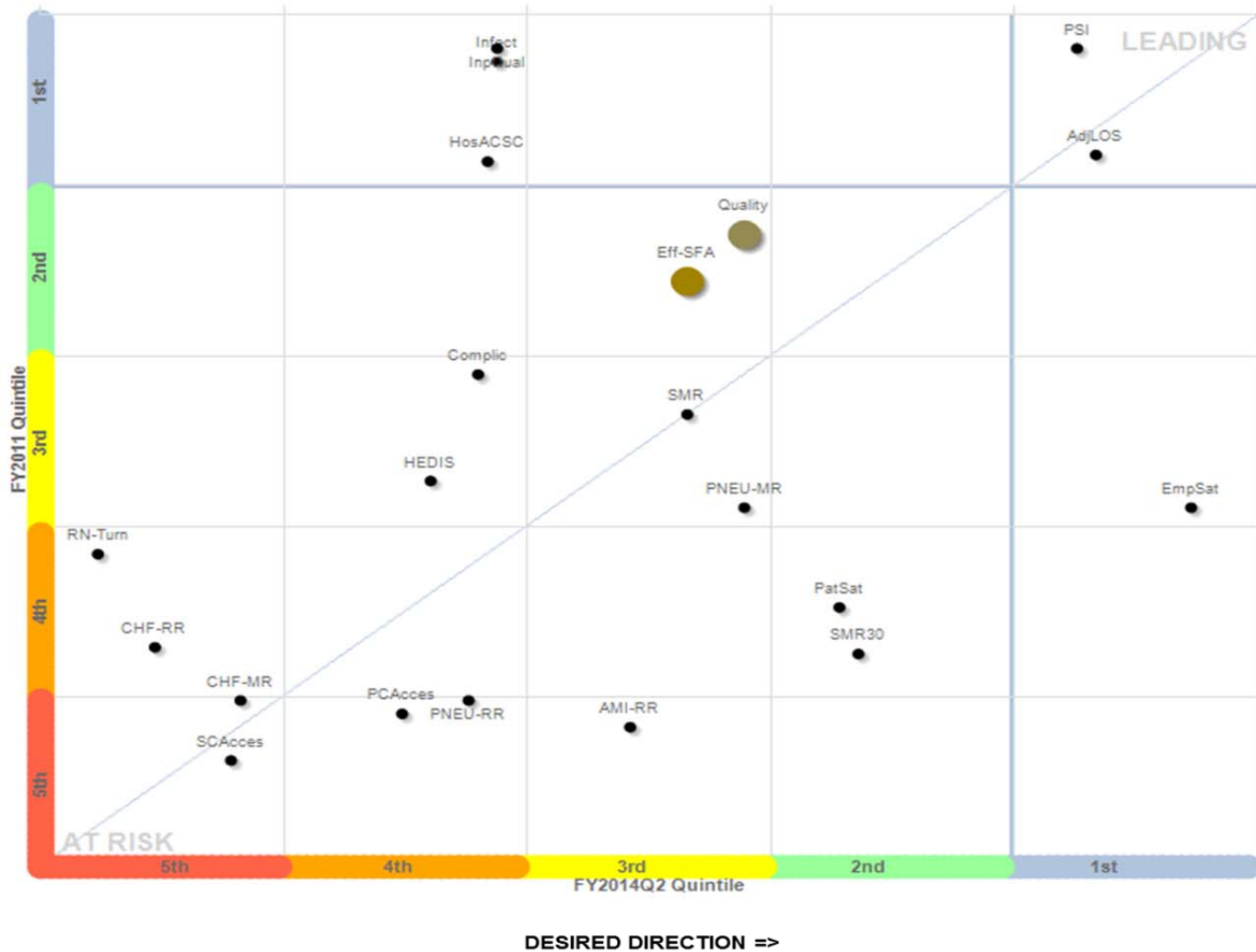


Marker color: Blue - 1st quintile; Green - 2nd; Yellow - 3rd; Orange - 4th; Red - 5th quintile.

³ Metric definitions follow the graphs.

Scatter Chart

FY2014Q2 Change in Quintiles from FY2011



NOTE
 Quintiles are derived from facility ranking on z-score of a metric among 128 facilities. Lower quintile is more favorable.

DESIRED DIRECTION ==>

Metric Definitions

Measure	Definition	Desired direction
ACSC Hospitalization	Ambulatory care sensitive condition hospitalizations (observed to expected ratio)	A lower value is better than a higher value
Adjusted LOS	Acute care risk adjusted length of stay	A lower value is better than a higher value
Best Place to Work	Overall satisfaction with job	A higher value is better than a lower value
Call Center Responsiveness	Average speed of call center responded to calls in seconds	A lower value is better than a higher value
Call Responsiveness	Call center speed in picking up calls and telephone abandonment rate	A lower value is better than a higher value
Complications	Acute care risk adjusted complication ratio	A lower value is better than a higher value
Efficiency	Overall efficiency measured as 1 divided by SFA (Stochastic Frontier Analysis)	A higher value is better than a lower value
Employee Satisfaction	Overall satisfaction with job	A higher value is better than a lower value
HC Assoc Infections	Health care associated infections	A lower value is better than a higher value
HEDIS	Outpatient performance measure (HEDIS)	A higher value is better than a lower value
MH Status	MH status (outpatient only, the Veterans RAND 12 Item Health Survey)	A higher value is better than a lower value
MH Wait Time	MH wait time for new and established patients (top 50 clinics; FY13 and later)	A higher value is better than a lower value
Oryx	Inpatient performance measure (ORYX)	A higher value is better than a lower value
Physical Health Status	Physical health status (outpatient only, the Veterans RAND 12 item Health Survey)	A higher value is better than a lower value
Primary Care Wait Time	Primary care wait time for new and established patients (top 50 clinics; FY13 and later)	A higher value is better than a lower value
PSI	Patient safety indicator (observed to expected ratio)	A lower value is better than a higher value
Pt Satisfaction	Overall rating of hospital stay (inpatient only)	A higher value is better than a lower value
RN Turnover	Registered nurse turnover rate	A lower value is better than a higher value
RSMR-AMI	30-day risk standardized mortality rate for acute myocardial infarction	A lower value is better than a higher value
RSMR-CHF	30-day risk standardized mortality rate for congestive heart failure	A lower value is better than a higher value
RSMR-Pneumonia	30-day risk standardized mortality rate for pneumonia	A lower value is better than a higher value
RSRR-AMI	30-day risk standardized readmission rate for acute myocardial infarction	A lower value is better than a higher value
RSRR-CHF	30-day risk standardized readmission rate for congestive heart failure	A lower value is better than a higher value
RSRR-Pneumonia	30-day risk standardized readmission rate for pneumonia	A lower value is better than a higher value
SMR	Acute care in-hospital standardized mortality ratio	A lower value is better than a higher value
SMR30	Acute care 30-day standardized mortality ratio	A lower value is better than a higher value
Specialty Care Wait Time	Specialty care wait time for new and established patients (top 50 clinics; FY13 and later)	A higher value is better than a lower value

Interim VISN Director Comments

**Department of
Veterans Affairs**

Memorandum

Date: September 12, 2014

From: Interim Director, VA Health Care Upstate New York (10N2)

Subject: **CAP Review of the Bath VA Medical Center, Bath, NY**

To: Director, Bedford Office of Healthcare Inspections (54BN)
Director, Management Review Service (VHA 10AR MRS
OIG CAP CBOC)

1. Review of the findings contained in the subject Combined Assessment Program Review conducted during the week of August 11, 2014 has been completed. We concur with the findings noted therein, and submit for your review and approval our recommendations to resolve the identified findings.
2. Should you have any questions, please contact Karen Strobel, VISN 2 Quality Management Officer, at (518) 626-7325.


Darlene DeLancey, MS

Facility Director Comments

Department of
Veterans Affairs

Memorandum

Date: September 4, 2014

From: Director, Bath VA Medical Center (528A6/00)

Subject: **CAP Review of the Bath VA Medical Center, Bath, NY**

To: Interim Director, VA Health Care Upstate New York (10N2)

1. Review of the findings contained in the subject Combined Assessment Program Review conducted during the week of August 11, 2014 has been completed. We concur with the findings noted therein, and submit for your review and approval our recommendations to resolve the identified findings.
2. Should you have any questions, please contact Debra McRae, Quality Management, at (607) 664-4879.



Michael J. Swartz, FACHE

Comments to OIG's Report

The following Director's comments are submitted in response to the recommendations in the OIG report:

OIG Recommendations

Recommendation 1. We recommended that processes be strengthened to ensure that actions from peer reviews are completed and reported to the Peer Review Committee.

Concur

Target date for completion: September 9, 2014

Facility response: The Peer Review Committee monthly meeting agenda/minutes have been modified to include a spreadsheet for monitoring actions from peer reviews through their completion. Beginning with the September 9, 2014 Peer Review Committee meeting, as actions are recommended or required, responsibility for completion of the actions will be assigned. Responsible party will report on status of actions to the Peer Review Committee (monthly) through the actions closure. Minutes of the Peer Review Committee will reflect status of actions through closure.

Recommendation 2. We recommended that the Medical Executive Committee discuss and document its approval of the use of another facility's providers for teledermatology services.

Concur

Target date for completion: September 18, 2014

Facility response: Teledermatology Memorandum of Understanding between the providing facility and receiving facility for Telehealth Credentialing and Privileging signed by the Medical Center Directors and Chiefs of Staff was presented at the August 21, 2014 meeting of the Medical Executive Committee for discussion/consideration/approval.

Teledermatology Telehealth Service Agreement detailing operations of telehealth services between the providing facility and receiving facility, signed by Chiefs of Staff and Facility Telehealth Coordinators was presented at the August 21, 2014 meeting of Medical Executive Committee for discussion/consideration/approval.

As Teledermatology Memorandums of Understanding or Service Agreements change or require renewal, they will be presented to Medical Executive Committee for approval. Minutes of Medical Executive Committee meetings will reflect discussion/consideration/approval.

Recommendation 3. We recommended that processes be strengthened to ensure that the Morbidity and Mortality Committee review process includes the results of proficiency testing and the results of peer reviews when transfusions did not meet criteria.

Concur

Target date for completion: January 1, 2015

Facility response: Morbidity and Mortality Committee meeting agenda was modified to add as standing items: the Blood Bank reporting of results of proficiency testing and results of peer reviews when transfusions did not meet criteria. Oversight of compliance with this recommendation will be reported semi-annually to Executive Committee of the Medical Staff.

Recommendation 4. We recommended that processes be strengthened to ensure that clinicians complete and document National Institutes of Health stroke scales for each stroke patient and that compliance be monitored.

Concur

Target date for completion: October 31, 2014

Facility response: Any patient presenting to the Urgent Care Clinic experiencing symptoms of Acute Ischemic Stroke will have a National Institute of Health stroke scale completed by the clinician responsible for evaluation. The results of the National Institute of Health stroke scale will be documented by the evaluating clinician in the patient's electronic health record. Any patient transferred by emergency medical services directly to a non-VA facility with symptoms of an Acute Ischemic Stroke will be clinically followed (to include elements of Acute Ischemic Stroke measures for Inpatient Evaluation Center (IPEC) data) through Utilization Management contact with the Non-VA facility case manager. Utilization Management will document reported results of Acute Ischemic Stroke measures in the patient's electronic health record. Review will be conducted by Quality Management on 100% of qualifying records to monitor compliance with this requirement.

Recommendation 5. We recommended that the facility consistently collect and report to VHA the percent of eligible patients given tissue plasminogen activator, the percent of patients with stroke symptoms who had the stroke scale completed, and the percent of patients screened for difficulty swallowing before oral intake.

Concur

Target date for completion: December 31, 2014

Facility response: Acute Ischemic Stroke measures for Inpatient Evaluation Center (IPEC) data, including percent of eligible patients given tissue plasminogen activator, percent of patients with stroke symptoms who had the NIH stroke scale completed and percent of patients screened for difficulty swallowing before oral intake, will be captured

by assigned clinical and Quality Management staff on a spreadsheet in the Secure Data Sharing Site folder of Bath VA Medical Center SharePoint. Data will be collected and reported for patients presenting to urgent Care Clinic with symptoms and those that are transferred from the Bath VA to a non-VA acute care facility.

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Endnotes

^a References used for this topic included:

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^c References used for this topic included:

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- Requirements of the VHA Center for Engineering and Occupational Safety and Health and the National Fire Protection Association.