

Department of Veterans Affairs Office of Inspector General

Office of Healthcare Inspections

Report No. 13-03424-74

Community Based Outpatient Clinic and Primary Care Clinic Reviews at Harry S. Truman Memorial Veterans' Hospital Columbia, Missouri

February 27, 2014

Washington, DC 20420

To Report Suspected Wrongdoing in VA Programs and Operations Telephone: 1-800-488-8244

E-Mail: vaoighotline@va.gov

(Hotline Information: www.va.gov/oig/hotline)

Glossary

AUD alcohol use disorder

CBOC community based outpatient clinic

DWHP designated women's health provider

EHR electronic health record

EMC Emergency Management Committee

EMP Emergency Management Plan

EOC environment of care

Facility Harry S. Truman Memorial Veterans'

Hospital

MI motivational interviewing MM medication management

NM not met

OIG Office of Inspector General
PACT Patient Aligned Care Teams

PCC primary care clinic RN registered nurse

VHA Veterans Health Administration

VISN Veterans Integrated Service Network

WH women's health

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Executive Summary

Review Purpose: The purpose of the review was to evaluate selected patient care activities to determine whether the community based outpatient clinics (CBOCs) and primary care clinics (PCCs) provide safe, consistent, and high-quality health care for our veterans. We conducted site visits during the week of December 9, 2013, at the following CBOCs, which are under the oversight of the Harry S. Truman Memorial Veterans' Hospital and Veterans Integrated Service Network 15:

- Fort Leonard Wood CBOC, Waynesville, MO
- Lake of the Ozarks CBOC, Osage Beach, MO
- Mexico CBOC, Mexico, MO

Review Results: We conducted four focused reviews and we made recommendations in all of the review areas:

Environment of Care. Ensure that:

- Processes are improved to ensure review of the hazardous materials inventory occurs twice within a 12-month period at the Fort Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and Mexico CBOCs.
- Panic alarm testing is documented at the Fort Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and Mexico CBOCs.
- Fire drills are performed every 12 months at the Fort Leonard Wood and Lake of the Ozarks CBOCs.
- Doors to the examination rooms designated for women veterans are equipped with electronic or manual locks at the Lake of the Ozarks and Mexico CBOCs.
- Processes are strengthened to ensure women veterans can access gender-specific restrooms without entering public areas at the Mexico CBOC.
- The parent facility includes staff at the Fort Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and Mexico CBOCs in required education, training, planning, and participation in annual disaster exercises.
- The parent facility document emergency management plan-specific training completed for the Fort Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and Mexico CBOCs clinical providers.
- The parent facility's EMC evaluate the Fort Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and Mexico CBOCs' emergency preparedness activities, participation in annual disaster

exercises, and staff training/education relating to emergency preparedness requirements.

Alcohol Use Disorder. Ensure that CBOC/PCC:

- Staff consistently complete follow-up assessments for patients with a positive alcohol screen.
- Staff consistently document the offer of further treatment to patients diagnosed with alcohol dependence.
- Registered Nurse Care Managers receive motivational interviewing and health coaching training within 12 months of appointment to Patient Aligned Care Teams.

Medication Management. Ensure that CBOC/PCC staff:

 Document that medication reconciliation was completed at each episode of care where the newly prescribed fluoroquinolone was administered, prescribed, or modified.

<u>Designated Women's Health Providers' Proficiency</u>. Ensure that all Designated Women's Health Providers:

• Maintain proficiency as required for the provision of women's health care.

Comments

The VISN and Facility Directors agreed with the CBOC review findings and recommendations and provided acceptable improvement plans. (See Appendixes C and D, pages 16–22, for the full text of the Directors' comments.) We consider recommendation 3 closed. We will follow up on the planned actions until they are completed.

JOHN D. DAIGH, JR., M.D. Assistant Inspector General for Healthcare Inspections

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Objectives, Scope, and Methodology

Objectives

The CBOC and PCC reviews are an element of the OIG's efforts to ensure that our Nation's veterans receive high-quality VA health care services. As such, the CBOC and PCC reviews are recurring evaluations of selected primary care operations that focus on patient care quality and the EOC. In general, our objectives are to:

- Determine whether the CBOCs are compliant with EOC requirements.
- Determine whether CBOCs/PCCs are compliant with VHA requirements in the care of patients with AUD.
- Determine compliance with requirements for the clinical oversight and patient education of fluoroquinolones for outpatients.
- Evaluate if processes are in place for DWHPs to maintain proficiency in WH.

Scope

To evaluate for compliance with requirements related to patient care quality and the EOC, we conducted onsite inspections, reviewed clinical and administrative records, and discussed processes and validated findings with managers and employees. The review covered the following four activities:

- EOC
- AUD
- MM
- DWHP Proficiency

The scope of this review is limited to the established objectives. Issues and concerns that come to our attention that are outside the scope of this standardized inspection will be reviewed and referred accordingly.

Methodology

The onsite EOC inspections were only conducted at randomly selected CBOCs that had not been previously inspected.^a Details of the targeted study populations for the AUD, MM, and DWHP Proficiency focused reviews are noted in Table 1.

^a Includes 93 CBOCs in operation before March 31, 2013.

Table 1. CBOC/PCC Focused Reviews and Study Populations

Review Topic	Study Population
AUD	All CBOC and PCC patients screened within the study period
	of July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2013, and who had a positive
	AUDIT-C score ^b and all providers and RN Care Managers
	assigned to PACT prior to October 1, 2012.
MM	All outpatients with an original prescription ordered for one of
	the three selected fluoroquinolones from July 1, 2012, through
	June 30, 2013.
DWHP Proficiencies	All WH primary care providers designated as DWHPs as of
	October 1, 2012, and who remained as DWHPs until
	September 30, 2013.

In this report, we make recommendations for improvement. Recommendations pertain to issues that are significant enough to be monitored by the OIG until corrective actions are implemented.

The review was done in accordance with OIG standard operating procedures for CBOC and PCC reviews.

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^b The AUDIT-C is a brief alcohol screen that reliably identifies patients who are hazardous drinkers or have active alcohol use disorders. Scores range from 0–12.

Results and Recommendations

EOC

The purpose of this review was to evaluate whether CBOC managers have established and maintained a safe and clean EOC as required.¹

We reviewed relevant documents and conducted physical inspections of the Fort Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and Mexico CBOCs. The table below shows the areas reviewed for this topic. The areas marked as NM did not meet applicable requirements and needed improvement.

Table 2. EOC

NM	Areas Reviewed	Findings
	The CBOC's location is clearly identifiable	
	from the street as a VA CBOC.	
	The CBOC has interior signage available that	
	clearly identifies the route to and location of	
	the clinic entrance.	
	The CBOC is Americans with Disabilities Act	
	accessible.	
	The furnishings are clean and in good repair.	
	The CBOC is clean.	
X	The CBOC maintains a written, current	The CBOC's inventory of hazardous materials at
	inventory of hazardous materials and waste	the Fort Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and
	that it uses, stores, or generates.	Mexico CBOCs was not reviewed for accuracy
		twice within the prior 12 months.
Х	An alarm system and/or panic buttons are	Testing of the alarm/panic buttons at the Fort
	installed in high-risk areas (e.g., mental health	Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and Mexico
	clinic).	CBOCs was not documented.
	Alcohol hand wash or soap dispenser and sink are available in the examination rooms.	
	Sharps containers are secured.	
	Safety needle devices are available.	
	The CBOC has a separate storage room for storing medical (infectious) waste.	
X	The CBOC conducts fire drills at least every	There was no evidence of fire drills occurring at
_ ^	12 months.	least every 12 months at the Fort Leonard Wood
	12 months.	and Lake of the Ozarks CBOCs.
	Means of egress from the building are	and Lake of the Ozarks Oboos.
	unobstructed.	
	Access to fire alarm pull stations is	
	unobstructed.	
	Access to fire extinguishers is unobstructed.	
	The CBOC has signs identifying the locations	
	of fire extinguishers.	
	Exit signs are visible from any direction.	

NM	Areas Reviewed	Findings
	No expired medications were noted during the	
	onsite visit.	
	All medications are secured from	
	unauthorized access.	
	Patient-identifiable information is protected on	
	laboratory specimens during transport so that	
	patient privacy is maintained.	
	Adequate privacy is provided to patients in	
	examination rooms.	
	Documents containing patient-identifiable	
	information are visible or unsecured.	
	Window coverings provide privacy.	
	The CBOC has a designated examination	
	room for women veterans.	
Χ	Adequate privacy is provided to women	The examination rooms designated for women
	veterans in the examination room.	veterans at the Lake of the Ozarks and Mexico
		CBOCs were not equipped with either an
		electronic or manual door lock.
		Gowned women veterans at the Mexico CBOC
		cannot access gender-specific restrooms
		without entering public areas.
	The information technology network	
	room/server closet is locked.	
	All computer screens are locked when not in	
	USE.	
	Staff use privacy screens on monitors to	
	prevent unauthorized viewing in high-traffic areas.	
	EOC rounds are conducted semi-annually (at	
	least twice in a 12-month period).	
	The CBOC has an automatic external	
	defibrillator.	
	denominator.	
	Safety inspections are performed on the	
	CBOC medical equipment in accordance with	
	JC standards.	
X	The parent facility includes the CBOC in	The parent facility did not include the Fort
	required education, training, planning, and	Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and Mexico
	participation leading up to the annual disaster	CBOCs in required education, training, planning,
	exercise.	and participation leading up to the annual
	-	disaster exercises.
		The parent facility did not document
		EMP-specific training for any of the Fort Leonard
		Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and Mexico CBOCs
		clinical providers.

NM	Areas Reviewed	Findings
X	The parent facility's EMC evaluates CBOC	The parent facility's EMC did not evaluate the
	emergency preparedness activities,	Fort Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and
	participation in annual disaster exercise, and	Mexico CBOCs' emergency preparedness
	staff training/education relating to emergency	activities, participation in annual disaster
	preparedness requirements.	exercise, and staff training/education relating to
		emergency preparedness requirements.

Recommendations

- 1. We recommended that processes are improved to ensure review of the hazardous materials inventory occurs twice within a 12-month period at the Fort Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and Mexico CBOCs.
- **2.** We recommended that panic alarm testing is documented at the Fort Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and Mexico CBOCs.
- **3.** We recommended that fire drills are performed every 12 months at the Fort Leonard Wood and Lake of the Ozarks CBOCs.
- **4.** We recommended that the doors to the examination rooms designated for women veterans are equipped with electronic or manual locks at the Lake of the Ozarks and Mexico CBOCs.
- **5.** We recommended that processes are strengthened to ensure women veterans can access gender-specific restrooms without entering public areas at the Mexico CBOC.
- **6.** We recommended that the parent facility include staff at the Fort Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and Mexico CBOCs in required education, training, planning, and participation in annual disaster exercises.
- **7.** We recommended that the parent facility document EMP-specific training completed for the Fort Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and Mexico CBOCs clinical providers.
- **8.** We recommended that the parent facility's EMC evaluate the Fort Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and Mexico CBOCs' emergency preparedness activities, participation in annual disaster exercises, and staff training/education relating to emergency preparedness requirements.

AUD

The purpose of this review was to determine whether the facility's CBOCs and PCCs complied with selected alcohol use screening and treatment requirements.²

We reviewed relevant documents. We also reviewed 40 EHRs and validated findings with key managers and staff. The table below shows the areas reviewed for this topic. The areas marked as NM did not meet applicable requirements and needed improvement.

Table 3. AUD

NM	Areas Reviewed	Findings
	Alcohol use screenings are completed during	
	new patient encounters, and at least annually.	
Х	Diagnostic assessments are completed for	Staff did not complete diagnostic assessments
	patients with a positive alcohol screen.	for 30 (75 percent) of 40 patients who had
		positive alcohol use screens.
	Education and counseling about drinking	
	levels and adverse consequences of heavy	
	drinking are provided for patients with positive	
	alcohol screens and drinking levels above National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and	
	Alcoholism Guidelines.	
X	Documentation reflects the offer of further	We did not find documentation of the offer of
^	treatment for patients diagnosed with alcohol	further treatment for three of seven patients
	dependence.	diagnosed with alcohol dependence.
	For patients with AUD who decline referral to	alagnossa with alcohol aspertaches.
	specialty care, CBOC/PCC staff monitored	
	them and their alcohol use.	
	Counseling, education, and brief treatments	
	for AUD are provided within 2 weeks of	
	positive screening.	
X	CBOC/PCC RN Care Managers have	We found that 13 of 23 RN Care Managers did
	received MI training within 12 months of	not receive MI training within 12 months of
	appointment to PACT.	appointment to PACT.
Х	CBOC/PCC RN Care Managers have	We found that 13 of 23 RN Care Managers did
	received National Center for Health Promotion	not receive health coaching training within 12
	and Disease Prevention approved health	months of appointment to PACT.
	coaching training (most likely TEACH for	
	Success) within 12 months of appointment to	
	PACT.	
	The facility complied with any additional	
	elements required by VHA or local policy.	

Recommendations

- **9.** We recommended that staff consistently complete follow-up assessments for patients with a positive alcohol screen.
- **10.** We recommended that staff consistently document the offer of further treatment to patients diagnosed with alcohol dependence.
- **11.** We recommended that RN Care Managers receive MI and health coaching training within 12 months of appointment to PACT.

MM

The purpose of this review was to determine whether appropriate clinical oversight and education were provided to outpatients prescribed oral fluoroquinolone antibiotics.³

We reviewed relevant documents. We also reviewed 38 EHRs and validated findings with key managers and staff. The table below shows the areas reviewed for this topic. The area marked as NM did not meet applicable requirements and needed improvement.

Table 4. Fluoroquinolones

NM	Areas Reviewed	Findings
X	Clinicians documented the medication	We did not find documentation that medication
	reconciliation process that included the	reconciliation included the newly prescribed
	fluoroquinolone.	fluoroquinolone in 15 (39 percent) of 38 patient
		EHRs.
	Written information on the patient's prescribed	
	medications was provided at the end of the	
	outpatient encounter.	
	Medication counseling/education for the	
	fluoroquinolone was documented in the	
	patients' EHRs.	
	Clinicians documented the evaluation of each	
	patient's level of understanding for the	
	education provided.	
	The facility complied with local policy.	

Recommendation

12. We recommended that staff document that medication reconciliation was completed at each episode of care where the newly prescribed fluoroquinolone was administered, prescribed, or modified.

DWHP Proficiency

The purpose of this review was to determine whether the facility's CBOCs and PCCs complied with selected DWHP proficiency requirements.⁴

We reviewed the facility self-assessment, VHA and local policies, Primary Care Management Module data, and supporting documentation for DWHPs' proficiencies. The table below shows the areas reviewed for this topic. The area marked as NM did not meet applicable requirements and needed improvement.

Table 5. DWHP Proficiency

NM	Areas Reviewed	Findings
Χ	CBOC and PCC DWHPs maintained	Thirty-nine (89 percent) of the 44 DWHPs at the
	proficiency requirements.	CBOC and/or PCCs did not have evidence of
		implementation of alternative plans to ensure
		ongoing proficiency in women's health care.
	CBOC and PCC DWHPs were designated	
	with the WH indicator in the Primary Care	
	Management Model.	

Recommendation

13. We recommended that clinical executive/primary care leaders ensure that CBOC/PCC DWHPs maintain proficiency as required for the provision of women's health care.

CBOC Profiles

This review evaluates the quality of care provided to veterans at all of the CBOCs under the parent facility's oversight.^c The table below provides information relative to each of the CBOCs.

					Uniques ^d			Encounters ^d				
Location	State	Station #	Locality ^e	CBOC Size ^f	MH ^g	PC ^h	Other ⁱ	All	MH ^g	PC ^h	Other ⁱ	All
Ft Leonard Wood MO	МО	589GF	Rural	Mid-Size	699	2,188	2,750	3,510	3,308	5,759	10,682	19,749
Jefferson City	МО	589G8	Urban	Mid-Size	379	2,552	2,618	3,352	1,867	7,797	10,671	20,335
Lake of the Ozarks/Camdenton	МО	589GH	Rural	Mid-Size	396	2,261	1,706	2,593	1,572	4,841	7,217	13,630
Kirksville	MO	589GE	Rural	Mid-Size	177	2,285	861	2,313	1,304	5,614	1,780	8,698
Mexico	МО	589GX	Rural	Mid-Size	216	1,862	986	2,001	1,013	4,344	2,027	7,384
St. James	МО	589GY	Rural	Mid-Size	340	1,589	1,070	1,776	1,750	3,739	3,698	9,187
Sedalia	MO	589JA	Rural	Small	298	1,088	575	1,307	1,923	3,124	1,033	6,080

^c Includes all CBOCs in operation before March 31, 2013.

^d Unique patients and Total Encounters – Source: MedSAS outpatient files; completed outpatient appointments indicated by a valid stop code during the July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2013, timeframe at the specified CBOC.

e http://vaww.pssg.med.va.gov/PSSG/DVDC/FY2013_Q1_VAST.xlsx

f Based on the number of unique patients seen as defined by VHA Handbook 1160.01, *Uniform Mental Health Services in VA Medical Centers and Clinics*, September 11, 2008, the size of the CBOC facility is categorized as very large (> 10,000), large (5,000-10,000), mid-size (1,500-5,000), or small (< 1,500).

^g Mental Health includes stop codes in the 500 series, excluding 531 and 563, in the primary position.

h Primary Care includes the stop code list in the primary position: 323 – Primary Care; 322 – Women's Clinic; 348 – Primary Care Group; 350 – Geriatric Primary Care; 531 – MH Primary Care Team-Individual; 563 – MH Primary care Team-Group; 170 – Home Based Primary Care (HBPC) Physician.

ⁱ All other non-Primary Care and non-MH stop codes in the primary position.

CBOC Services Provided

In addition to primary care integrated with WH and mental health care, the CBOCs provide various specialty care, ancillary, and tele-health services. The following table lists the services provided at each CBOC.^j

СВОС	Specialty Care Services ^k	Ancillary Services ^l	Tele-Health Services ^m
Ft Leonard Wood MO		Audiology	Tele Primary Care
Jefferson City		Audiology	Tele Primary Care
Lake of the Ozarks/Camdenton		MOVE! Program ⁿ	Tele Primary Care
Kirksville			Tele Primary Care
Mexico			Tele Primary Care
St. James			Tele Primary Care
Sedalia			Tele Primary Care

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^j Source: MedSAS outpatient files; the denoted Specialty Care and Ancillary Services are limited to Primary Clinic Stops with a count \geq 100 encounters during the July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2013, timeframe at the specified CBOC.

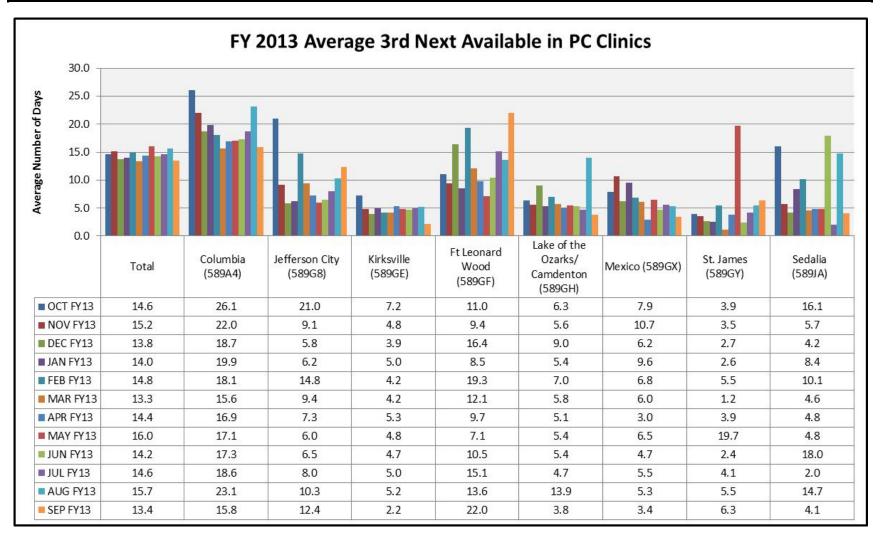
^k Specialty Care Services refer to non-Primary Care and non-MH services provided by a physician.

¹ Ancillary Services refer to non-Primary Care and non-MH services that are not provided by a physician.

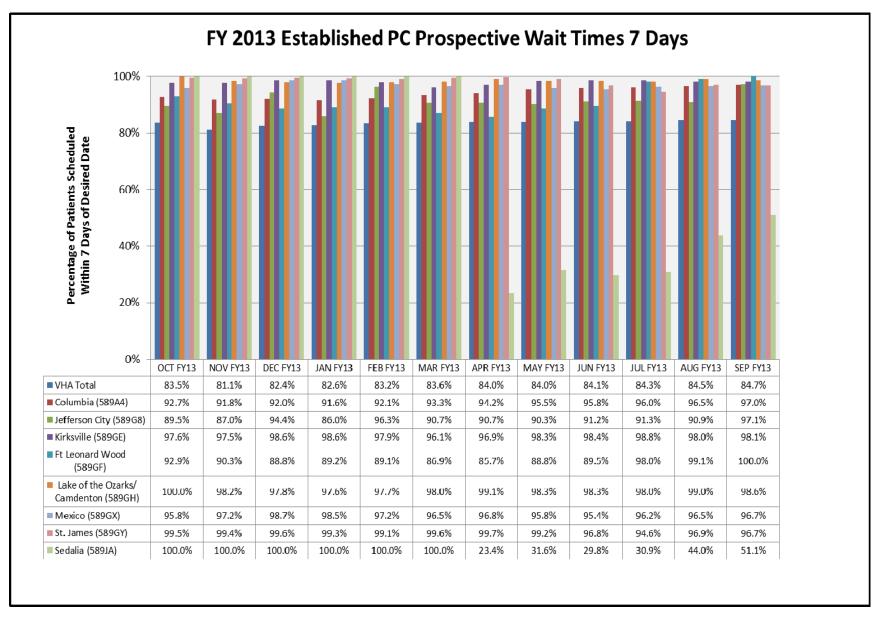
^m Tele-Health Services refer to services provided under the VA Telehealth program (http://www.telehealth.va.gov/)

ⁿ Move! Prog: VHA Handbook 1120.01, MOVE! Weight Management Program for Veterans, March 31, 2011.

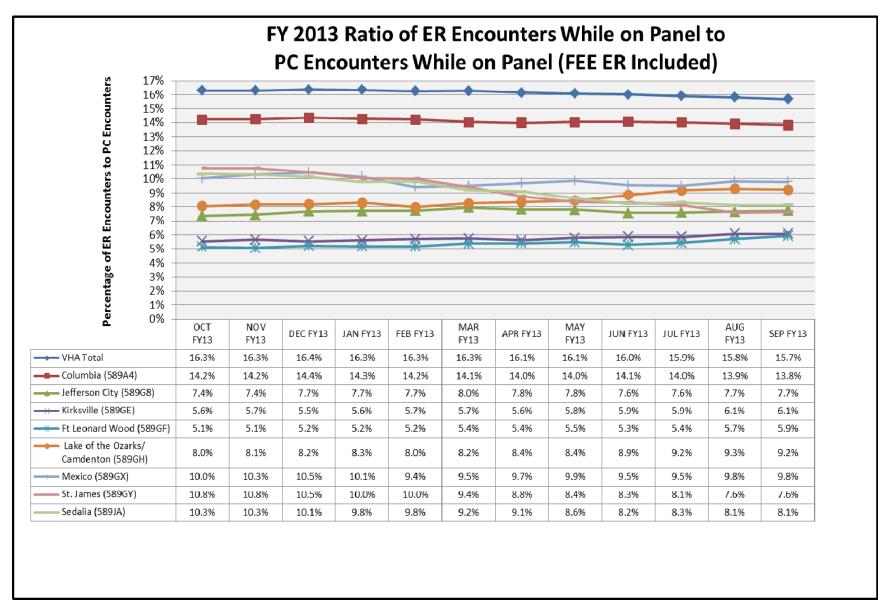
PACT Compass Metrics



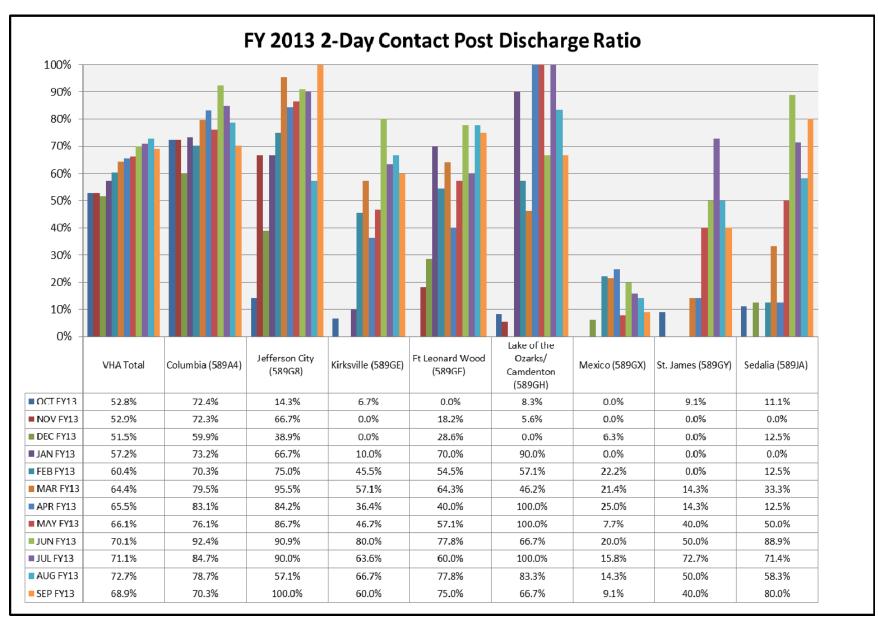
Data Definition.⁵ The average waiting time in days until the next third open appointment slot for completed primary care appointments in stop code 350. Completed appointments in stop code 350 for this metric include completed appointments where a 350 stop code is in the primary position on the appointment or one of the telephone stop codes is in the primary position, and 350 stop code is in the secondary position. The data is averaged from the national to the division level.



Data Definition.⁵ The percent of patients scheduled within 7 days of the desired date. Data source is the Wait Times Prospective Wait Times measures. The total number of scheduled appointments for primary care-assigned patients in primary care clinics 322, 323 and 350. Data is collected twice a month on the 1st and the 15th. Data reported is for the data pulled on the 15th of the month. There is no fiscal year to date score for this measure.



Data Definition.⁵ This is a measure of where the patient receives his or her primary care and by whom. A low percentage is better. The formula is the total VHA ER/Urgent Care/FEE ER Encounters WOP (including FEE ER visits) *divided by* the number of primary care encounters WOP with the patient's assigned primary care (or associate) provider plus the total VHA ER/Urgent Care/FEE ER Encounters (including FEE ER visits) WOP plus the number of primary care encounters WOP with a provider other than the patient's PCP/AP.



Data Definition.⁵ Total Discharges Included in 2-day Contact Post Discharge Ratio: The total VHA and FEE Inpatient Discharges for assigned primary care patients for the reporting timeframe. Discharges resulting in death and discharges where a patient is readmitted within 2 days of discharge are excluded from this metric.

VISN Director Comments

Department of Veterans Affairs

Memorandum

Date: January 10, 2014

From: Director, VA Heartland Network (10N15)

Subject: CBOC and PCC Reviews of the Harry S. Truman

Memorial Veterans' Hospital, Columbia, MO

To: Director, Kansas City Office of Healthcare Inspections

(54KC)

Director, Management Review Service (VHA 10AR MRS

OIG CAP CBOC)

- 1. Attached please find Truman VA's response to the draft report of the Community Based Outpatient Clinic (CBOC) and Primary Care Clinic Reviews conducted the week of December 9, 2013.
- 2. I have reviewed and concur with the Acting Medical Center Director's response and proposed action plans.
- 3. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact Julie Madere, Acting VISN 15 Quality Management Officer at 816-701-3000.

(original signed by:)

William P. Patterson, MD. MSS

Acting Facility Director Comments

Department of Veterans Affairs

Memorandum

Date: January 3, 2014

From: Acting Director, Harry S. Truman Memorial Veterans'

Hospital (589A4/00)

Subject: CBOC and PCC Reviews of the Harry S. Truman

Memorial Veterans' Hospital, Columbia, MO

To: Director, VA Heartland Network (10N15)

- 1. I have reviewed and concur with the findings and recommendations in the draft report of the Community Based Outpatient Clinic (CBOC) and Primary Care Clinic Reviews conducted the week of December 9, 2013.
- 2. Corrective action plans have been developed or implemented for all recommendations as outlined in the attached report.

(original signed by:)

Robert G. Ritter, FACHE

Comments to OIG's Report

The following Director's comments are submitted in response to the recommendations in the OIG report:

OIG Recommendations

Recommendation 1. We recommended that processes are improved to ensure review of the hazardous materials inventory occurs twice within a 12-month period at the Fort Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and Mexico CBOCs.

Concur

Target date for completion: June 30, 2014

Facility response: An annual chemical inventory is conducted by all services/departments in accordance with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration Hazard Communication Standard. This annual review is coordinated by the Safety Office and is currently being conducted in December. To ensure a semi-annual review, our process has been changed to conduct a review in June and December each year.

Recommendation 2. We recommended that panic alarm testing is documented at the Fort Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and Mexico CBOCs.

Concur

Target date for completion: December 31, 2013

Facility response: The panic alarms will be tested monthly at each CBOC by the VA Police. Documentation of the testing will include which alarms were tested as well any identified issues and corrective actions taken. Documentation of the panic alarm tests will be maintained by the Police Chief. Monthly testing was completed for all CBOC locations in December 2013.

Recommendation 3. We recommended that fire drills are performed every 12 months at the Fort Leonard Wood and Lake of the Ozarks CBOCs.

Concur

Target date for completion: July 1, 2013

Facility response: This issue was previously identified by our new Safety Specialist, and a recording system was put into place in June 2013 that allows for easy identification of due dates. Six part folders were created for each CBOC, including fire drill records, life safety reviews, and fire alarm system testing. In addition, an electronic database was created to track testing/drill dates and the use of calendar reminders was

implemented. The database is available to all Safety employees. There have been no deficiencies since implementation of the tracking system.

Recommendation 4. We recommended that the doors to the examination rooms designated for women veterans are equipped with electronic or manual locks at the Lake of the Ozarks and Mexico CBOCs.

Concur

Target date for completion: January 31, 2014-Lake Ozark CBOC September 30, 2014-Mexico CBOC

Facility response: Locking hardware will be installed for the six exam rooms and the procedure room at the Lake of the Ozarks CBOC. We have received approval to relocate the Mexico CBOC during fiscal year 2014. Part of the construction process will be to have locks placed on all exam room doors. In the interim, all exam rooms at the Lake of the Ozarks and Mexico CBOCs have curtains for privacy.

Recommendation 5. We recommended that processes are strengthened to ensure women veterans can access gender-specific restrooms without entering public areas at the Mexico CBOC.

Concur

Target date for completion: January 31, 2014

Facility response: Due to space restrictions at the current CBOC location, the only available restrooms are in a public area. Staff at the Mexico CBOC will be instructed to inform women Veterans to use the restroom prior to going back to the exam room. Please note that we have received approval to relocate the Mexico CBOC during fiscal year 2014. As part of the new clinic, internal bathrooms will be available.

Recommendation 6. We recommended that the parent facility include staff at the Fort Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and Mexico CBOCs in required education, training, planning, and participation in annual disaster exercises.

Concur

Target date for completion: March 1, 2014

Facility response: A CBOC Emergency Plan will be incorporated into the medical center's Emergency Operations Plan (EOP). The CBOC Emergency Plan will address the types of emergencies specific to the CBOCs, i.e., utility failure, weather related, etc., and the response plan for each. Training will be provided by the CBOC Manager and documented and reported to the EMC. Planned disaster exercises will include CBOC participation.

Recommendation 7. We recommended that the parent facility document EMP-specific training completed for the Fort Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and Mexico CBOCs clinical providers.

Concur

Target date for completion: June 30, 2014

Facility response: The CBOC Manager will provide initial and annual EOP training. This will be documented and reported to the EMC.

Recommendation 8. We recommended that the parent facility's EMC evaluate the Fort Leonard Wood, Lake of the Ozarks, and Mexico CBOCs' emergency preparedness activities, participation in annual disaster exercises, and staff training/education relating to emergency preparedness requirements.

Concur

Target date for completion: June 30, 2014

Facility response: CBOC semi-annual drills will be conducted by the CBOC Manager at each CBOC. A summary of the CBOCs' emergency preparedness activities including drills, participation in annual disaster exercise, and staff training/education relating to emergency preparedness will be reported to the EMC the month after drills are conducted. The report will include any identified areas of improvement. Documentation of the report/discussion will be included in the EMC minutes.

Recommendation 9. We recommended that staff consistently complete follow-up assessments for patients with a positive alcohol screen.

Concur

Target date for completion: February 28, 2014

Facility response: Providers have been educated on the need to complete further assessment for positive alcohol screens. Licensed practical nurses/registered nurses completing the initial screen have been educated to notify the provider if the screen is positive. The national reminder template was enhanced locally to create a mandated field for follow-up assessments. Monitoring of records for completion of follow-up assessments for patients with a positive alcohol screen will be completed for a minimum of 3 months or until 90 percent compliance is achieved and sustained.

Recommendation 10. We recommended that staff consistently document the offer of further treatment to patients diagnosed with alcohol dependence.

Concur

Target date for completion: February 28, 2014

Facility response: The national reminder will be modified locally to make the field for further treatment mandatory. Currently it is in the reminder as optional. We have contacted the national program office to review the reminder. As part of this reminder, further treatment recommendations/options will be outlined for Primary Care and Mental Health providers to be incorporated into the clinical care provided to those Veterans diagnosed with alcohol dependence. Education of all pertinent providers will be completed related to treatment offerings and documentation of those offerings. Monitoring of records for documentation of the offer for further treatment for patients with a diagnosis of alcohol dependence will be completed for a minimum of 3 months or until 90 percent compliance is achieved and sustained.

Recommendation 11. We recommended that RN Care Managers receive MI and health coaching training within 12 months of appointment to PACT.

Concur

Target date for completion: June 30, 2014

Facility response: The Health Promotion Disease Prevention Coordinator has now received official certification in regards to Motivational Interviewing and TEACH training. This training will be provided to all delinquent RN Care Managers by June 30, 2014. In the future all new RN Care Managers will receive the training within 12 months of appointment to PACT.

Recommendation 12. We recommended that staff document that medication reconciliation was completed at each episode of care where the newly prescribed fluoroquinolone was administered, prescribed, or modified.

Concur

Target date for completion: January 31, 2014

Facility response: The template notes for the surgery specialties are being revised to automatically pull a list of Veterans' current medications into the note for review and documentation of medication reconciliation with any newly prescribed medications. All providers were re-educated on the requirement to document medication reconciliation and appropriate discussion.

Recommendation 13. We recommended that clinical executive/primary care leaders ensure that CBOC/PCC DWHPs maintain proficiency as required for the provision of women's health care.

Concur

Target date for completion: June 30, 2014

Facility response: All DWHPs will be required to complete 2 hours of women's health specific Continuing Medical Education every year. Primary Care is working with the

Credentialing Department to request this be documented and monitored as part of the re-credentialing review of all DWHPs performed every 2 years.

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¹ References used for the EOC review included: